

# God is A Servant Teacher's Topic Guide Year 5

**Topic: Occupations**

**Duration: 4 weeks**

## **Spiritual Awareness: Be faithful in little things**

God has given each one of us different gifts and talents. It is our responsibility to develop these gifts and talents so that we may use them to serve God and others. Using our gifts and talents for God is being faithful to the One who gave us these abilities in the first place. It is important to use our gifts and talents with humility. In this unit students can become aware of the ways in which people in the community serve us, and to start thinking about how they may serve God and others through a profession in the future.

## **Our response to 'God is a Servant'**

- follow the example of Jesus, the greatest servant
- be willing to help others
- consider the needs of others
- put others before myself
- let others go first
- not boast
- not think of myself as being more important than everyone else
- admit when I am wrong
- allow others to help me

## **Bible stories and passages**

Matthew 25:14-29 Parable of the talents

Luke 12:35-47 Be faithful in doing what Jesus wants us to do.

Acts 8:1-4 The disciples continued to be faithful in the face of danger

1 Corinthians 12:4-8 Our God-given gifts

Matthew 5:15 Don't hide your light under a bushel.

Luke 18:9-14 The rich man and the tax collector, (pride versus humility).

Luke 14:7-11 Don't make yourself important.

Matthew 20:20-28; Mark 10:35-45 A servant of all

## **Bible verses**

Luke 6:10 Whoever is faithful in small matters will be faithful in large ones; whoever is dishonest in small matters will be dishonest in large ones.

Matthew 20:26 If someone wants to be great he must be the servant of the rest.

Luke 13:30 Those who are now last will be first, and those who are now first will be last.

Matthew 16:24 Jesus said, "If anyone wants to come with me, he must forget self, carry his cross and follow me."

## **Key Questions**

What does it mean to serve?

How do people in the community serve us in the jobs they do?

What is a talent?

Can you think of a job that requires a talent?

What gifts has God given you?

What gifts and talents has God given your friends / family?

How can we use our gifts and talents for God?

How can we encourage others in using their gifts and talents?

What is humility?

Imagine a person who boasts about their achievements. Why would they do this? What might the consequences be?

Think of something you are not good at. How would you feel if a person put you down for not being good at it? When does this sort of thing happen? (e.g. in sports teams)

## **Outcomes**

### *Knowledge*

- identify occupations within the community and the way in which these occupations serve us
- identify particular skills and talents displayed by people working in professions
- identify personal strengths and weaknesses and to list ways of developing or improving these
- identify strengths in others and to encourage others in their abilities
- understand the importance of encouraging those who lack skills in certain areas
- identify ways of using personal gifts and talents for God, with humility

### *Skills*

- questioning
- listening to speakers, collecting and recording information

### *Values*

- appreciate ways in which people in the community use their talents to serve in work situations
- appreciate the gifts and talents of others
- understand the definition of humility
- be aware of putting others first

## **Activities**

- Identify people in the community who use their gifts and talents in work situations.
- Interview visitors about their occupation.
- Use the “Inquiry-based learning” model. Students can compose a list of questions that they want to know about different occupations. These questions can be presented to visitors representing various occupations.
- Write a report on at least one occupation based on what they have found out.
- Write a report on “the day in the life of .....”, (occupation of choice)
- Take a survey to find out occupations of parents. Graph results.
- Make a list of businesses and services in the local community. Create a drawing or diagram to show the how the businesses or services serve the community.
- Work in pairs to mime or role play an occupation. Students can guess the occupation being mimed.

## **Assessment**

Prepare a report on one occupation. This can be a written or oral presentation.

# God is a Servant – Values education Year 5

## Flexibility

To be a good servant, I need to be able to “fit in” with what my leader wants, and what other people want.

### Flexibility is...

- being willing to change
- not getting upset when things change
- agreeing that other people's ideas might be better than my own, and learning from the ideas of others
- not always wanting my own way
- listening to what others have to say, and learning from the good ideas that other people may have
- saying, "Your ideas just might be better than my ideas. I will listen and try to see your point of view."

Question: How do I know which ideas are good ideas?

Answer: They are ideas that do not go against what God says.

### Activities

1. Work with someone to design something together. It could be a playground, a new restaurant, a holiday resort, or something of your own choice. Work together and listen to each other's ideas. You have 15 minutes. At the end of that time, answer these questions:
  - Who had the most ideas?
  - Who had the best ideas?
  - Did you listen to everyone's ideas?
  - Were you flexible in accepting ideas other than your own?
2. See if you can find a creative way to solve this problem:  
There is only one computer in the house and you need it to do your homework that is due in tomorrow. Dad says that he needs the computer for an important work project. Instead of throwing a tantrum, see if you can find a way out of your problem.
3. Here's a situation that will require flexibility:  
You have invited some friends over to celebrate your birthday. You have either hired a movie or decided to watch TV. Suddenly there is a power failure. What will you do?

### What does the Bible say about flexibility?

God wants us to change our own ways to His ways.

Proverbs 3:5-8 Trust in the Lord with all your heart and don't rely on your own good understanding.

Proverbs 21:2 A man's way seems right to him, but the Lord looks at the heart.

Romans 12:3 Do not think of yourself more highly than you ought.

# Values in work

1. What happened to Adam and Eve, concerning work, after they sinned?
2. Read Gen2:2. What did God do? Does an omnipotent God need to do this?
3. Jn 6:27 John records Jesus as saying .....
4. What does this tell us about our attitude to work?
5. 1 Cor 3:13 God will test the quality of .....
6. Whatever you do ..... at it with all your might Col 3:23
7. If a person is lazy and won't work 2 Th 3:10 says as a consequence....
8. What does that say to welfare payments for unemployed people?
9. Is it OK for a boss to pay less than the going rate in wages? Lk 10:7
10. Are we only working to please the boss? Col 3:23
11. How can the work of a bus driver, salesperson behind a counter, and a bricklayer be equal in the eyes of God and as important to the Kingdom of God as that of a missionary or minister?
12. What is a short-term ministry calling? What ministry activities could students undertake?
13. What work is involved in becoming a mother or a father?
14. There are many talents, not just one. See Matthew 25:1-30. Esther had exceptional beauty, Abraham was an entrepreneur of note, David a great military commander, Paul a teacher and a writer, Luke was a doctor with medical healing abilities. List talents that God gives people, e.g. gardening and growing, painting, cooking, mechanical, etc.
15. In the parable of the talents, how are those who receive a gift held accountable for its use?
16. Col 3: 23 means we don't just do homework and study to please our teachers, who else do we strive to please in our school activities?
17. Write a letter to offer your services to an organisation that could use your help. Describe your abilities and why you would be of use to them.

# Art Year 5

## God is a Servant

### Occupations

**Biblical wall display:** For the Son of Man did not come to be served; he came to serve and to give his life to redeem many people. Mark 10:45 GNB

Students can illustrate Jesus washing the disciples' feet.



### Serving through arts and crafts

Many arts and crafts require patience and diligence. Working hard at something is being diligent. The Bible speaks about two women who were very diligent in what they made. One was Dorcas who was very diligent in making clothes for the poor.

Dorcas was good at sewing. Sewing is a job that requires a lot of patience and diligence. In Bible times there were no sewing machines. Imagine how much patience you would need to make an entire garment by hand. Dorcas never gave up. She kept working because she knew that God wanted her to serve Him in this way. You can find out more about Dorcas in Acts 9:36-43.

Another person who showed diligence in his work was Noah. Think about the size of the ark. What a huge job for one man! God wanted Noah to be very exact in how he built the ark. Noah didn't just throw it together. He made it exactly according to the plans that God had given him. He took time to find special materials and also took time in making exact measurements. You can find out more about Noah in Genesis 6:14-16.

Being diligent means working at something even when we don't feel like it. It means finishing something we start, even if we are not so excited about it anymore.

### Art or Craft projects that require diligence

Think about how you could use art or a craft to be of service to others. Choose a project to work on for the next few weeks. Maybe you can make a gift for someone as Dorcas did. Remember to be diligent about it. You may need to take some time to work on it at home. Make sure you choose something that requires diligence, and make sure that you finish it!

Here are some suggestions...

- a mosaic wall hanging. *Outline a shape and then fill it in with tiny pieces of coloured paper.*
- a fabric table mat, decorated it with stitching, or a woven mat
- weaving
- dot painting

Make a study of artists, crafts people and architects who work with patience and commitment to the completion of the task. **Example:**

### **Michelangelo: The Sistine chapel ceiling**

Commissioned in 1508 by Pope Julius II, the ceiling took five years for the young Renaissance artist to complete. The Sistine Chapel is a brick building shaped like a rectangle, and very plain with no decoration. But the inside of the chapel is richly decorated. The floor is of coloured marble. The lower parts of the walls are painted to look like gold and silver cloth.

The other decorations in the chapel are paintings which tell stories to help people understand about Jesus Christ.

The walls have stories from the Bible painted on them. On the north side, the stories are about the life of Moses. On the south side, they are about the life of Jesus.

### **Sistine Chapel ceiling**

The ceiling is the most famous part of the Sistine Chapel, and many thousands of visitors go to see it. In 1505 Pope Julius II asked Michelangelo to paint the ceiling. Michelangelo was a famous sculptor. He did not want to be a painter. Three years later, he agreed to paint the ceiling. He worked from 1508 to 1511, standing on a high platform with his arms stretched above his head. Because he painted onto wet plaster, the smell and the heat were terrible.

Along the centre of the ceiling are painted nine pictures that tell stories from the Book of Genesis in the Old Testament of the Bible. The stories start with three pictures of God making light, making the Earth, the Sun and the Moon, and making the Sea and Sky.

The next three pictures tell the story of the first man and woman, Adam and Eve. In the first scene, God has just made Adam. He reaches out his hand and touches his finger to give him Life. In the next picture, Adam is asleep and God makes Eve from one of Adam's ribs.

In the third picture there are two scenes. Adam and Eve are tricked by the devil to eat fruit from the tree that they have been told not to touch. In the other scene, an angel chases them out of God's Garden of Eden. This story tells how sin came into the world.

The last three pictures are about Noah's Ark. They tell about a sad and sinful world. Because of human sin and unkindness, God sends a flood. Only Noah and his family escape in the large boat that they build. When the flood has ended, they make an altar and kill a sheep as a sacrifice to God. But then Noah grows grape vines, makes wine and gets drunk. One of his sons sees Noah lying naked and laughs at his father. Noah is ashamed and curses his son. These stories show how people keep acting the wrong way, even when they get a second chance.

When the Noah's Ark paintings were finished, Michelangelo was happy to get back to his sculpture. But in 1537 Pope Paul III ordered him to paint another large wall story. This time it was on the wall above the altar. It was finished in 1541.

Michelangelo painted The Last Judgement which shows Jesus judging the people of the Earth and sending some to Hell while others are welcomed into Heaven by Saints.

1. How is the inside of the building different to the outside?
2. What did Pope Julius III ask Michelangelo to do?
3. What was Michelangelo's profession?
4. Why was it difficult for Michelangelo to do the work on the ceiling?
5. What Bible stories are painted on the ceiling?
6. How do you think Michelangelo served others through his work?

## Thinking Skills

Year 5 Servant

<p><b>Occupations 1</b></p> <p>Write words or phrases next each letter – something to do with</p> <p>D E N T I S T</p>	<p><b>Occupations 2</b></p> <p>Think of 3 professions for a person who is good at art.</p>
<p><b>Occupations 3</b></p> <p>Think of 3 professions for a person who would like to work with animals.</p>	<p><b>Occupations 4</b></p> <p>List 5 things that vets have to do as part of their job.</p>
<p><b>Occupations 5</b></p> <p>What are some similarities between a taxi driver and a hairdresser?</p>	<p><b>Occupations 6</b></p> <p>What are some differences between a banker and a professions sports person?</p>

## Occupations Guessing Game

The aim of the game is for the students to ask questions to find out which occupation the key player is thinking of. The key player has to think of a job and not tell anyone what they are thinking of. They stand out the front and answer “yes” or “no” to the questions. This can work well by dividing the class into groups, with each group taking turns to ask a question. A group leader can decide who asks the next question. If someone in a group thinks they know the occupation, they can say, “Are you a ....?” If they get it wrong they are out of the game. Here are some examples of questions. You can write sample questions on a large sheet of paper and display it.

1. Do you work indoors?
2. Do you work outdoors?
3. Do you wear a uniform?
4. Do you sometimes work at night?
5. Do you sometimes go to work at the weekend?
6. Do you have long holidays?
7. Is it a well-paid job?
8. Is it risky?
9. Is it a popular job among young people?
10. Is it an ideal job for men in your country?
11. Is it an ideal job for women in your country?
12. Do you carry a briefcase?
13. Do you need special tools or some special equipment for your job?
14. Do you wear a special uniform?
15. Do you wear make-up?
16. Do you work with children?
17. Do you work for the government?
18. Do you wear a helmet?
19. Do you work with animals?
20. Do you work on the computer?
21. Do you work for a newspaper?
22. Does your job require creativity?